THE FUTURE OF WORK RAISING THE GLOBAL SOUTH'S VOICE

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CREATIVE ECONOMY AND THE FUTURE OF WORK:

AN INDIAN NARRATIVE

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STRUCTURE OF PRESENTATION

O1 INDIA'S LABOUR MARKET

A snapshot of India's labour market

O3 INDIA'S CREATIVE ECONOMY

A short discourse on the elements and significance of India's Creative Economy

O 5 'NEW' CREATIVE ECONOMY IN THE POST-COVID WORLD

O 2 CREATIVE ECONOMY What & Why?

Brief discussion on what is Creative conomy and why focus on it?

O4 COVID-19 AND "CULTURE SHOCK"

Impact of pandemic on growth of the sector

POLICY
RECOMMENDATIONS

INDIA'S LABOUR MARKET

- WORKING AGE AND MORE THAN 50% BELOW 25 YEARS
- DUALISTIC STRUCTURE: ORGANISED SECTOR EXISTS WITH A LARGE UNORGANISED SECTOR
- JOBLESS GROWTH: RISING DISCONNECT BETWEEN GDP AND EMPLOYMENT.
- ONLY 0.13 MN JOBS HAVE BEEN CREATED IN THE LAST YEAR, WHILE 13 MN PEOPLE ARE ADDED TO THE WORKFORCE EVERY YEAR
- SKILLS CRISIS: MERELY 2% OF INDIA'S TOTAL WORKFORCE IS SKILLED
- AUTOMATION AND JOB LOSS: UP TO 69 % OF JOBS COULD BE REPLACED IN INDIA (WORLD BANK)



INDUSTRY 4.0

- THREE INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTIONS SINCE THE 18TH CENTURY
- ALL HAVE CREATED AND DESTROYED JOBS
- IR-4:FOUR SPECIFIC DEVELOPMENTS:
 - HIGH-SPEED MOBILE INTERNET
 - O AL AND AUTOMATION
 - USE OF BIG DATA ANALYTICS
 - CLOUD TECHNOLOGY

INDUSTRY 4.0

PACE OF TRANSFORMATION

Estimates indicate that more than 65 percent of students who enter primary education today will likely end up in jobs that do not exist currently in about 15 years from now.

SKILLS FOR THE FUTURE

Demand for non-routine cognitive skills rising much faster. than demand for any other skill, whereas demand for routine manual skills is fading away quickly

CREATIVE INDUSTRIES WILL DRIVE THE FUTURE OF WORK

According to WEF report 2020, Creativity, originality and initiative were amongst the top 5 skills demanded by 2025, as perceived by companies globally







ARCHITECTURE

ART & CRAFT







CREATIVE INDUSTRIES









VIDEO & PHOTOGRAPHY



FASHION





PERFORMING ARTS MUSIC

SOFTWARES & COMPUTER GAMES

WHY FOCUS ON CREATIVE ECONOMY?

EMPLOYMENT

EMPLOYS 29.5 MILLION PEOPLE GLOBALLY (UNESCO, 2016)

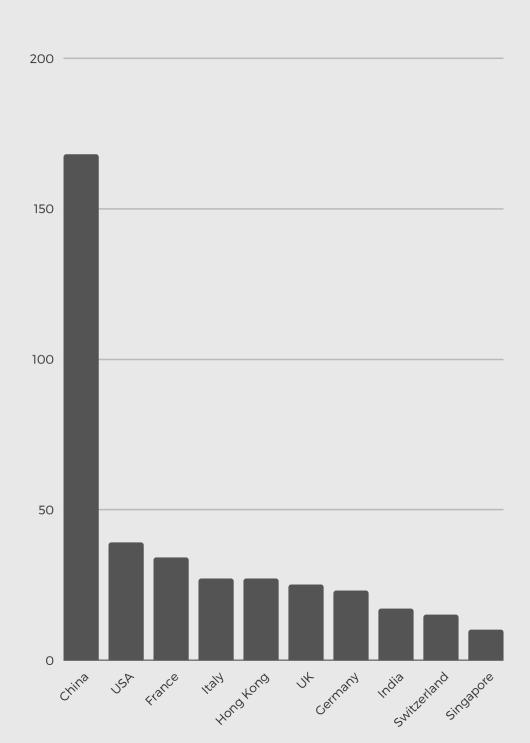
Also accounts for 6.7 % of all LinkedIn users globally

OUTPUT

ACCOUNTS FOR AROUND 3 PER CENT OF GLOBAL GDP (UNESCO, 2016)

EXPORTS

GROWTH RATE IN
EXPORTS HAS BEEN
OVER 7 PER CENT
BETWEEN 2002 AND
2015



CREATIVE GOODS EXPORTS

World's top 10 exporters - 2015

- Among the world's top 10 exporters of creative goods, seven are a part of the G20 with China being by far the largest exporter
- Furthermore, in G20 nations such as China, France, India, Italy, Turkey and the United Kingdom, creative goods account for over 5 per cent of their total country exports.

DEFINING INDIA'S CREATIVE ECONOMY



KNOWLEDGE BASED ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES



ORIGINAL IDEAS AND IMAGINATION



NON-REPETITIVE AND ADAPTIVE TO TECHNOLOGICAL CHANGE AND MECHANISATION



ECONOMIC AND CULTURE VALUE CHAIN

"It is the contribution of economic activities involving knowledge that is acquired either formally or informally to the economic and cultural value chain through the creation, production, distribution and consumption of goods and services, which embody a substantive amount of original ideas, skills, imagination or social behaviour which are non-repetitive and are adaptive to technological change and mechanisation"



Textile, Garment and Related Trades Workers



Business Professionals



Secondary Education **Teaching Professionals**



Production and Operations



Computing Professionals



Related Professionals



Architects, Engineers and Other Department Managers Wood Treaters, Cabinet Makers Precision Workers in Metal



and Related Trades





College, University and Higher **Education Teaching Professionals**





INDIA'S CREATIVE

OCCUPATIONS

Physical and Engineering Science Technicians



Administrative Associate Professionals



Potters, Glass Makers and Related Trades Workers



Handicraft Workers in wood, textile, leather and related materials



Optical and Electronic Equipment



Artistic, entertainment and sports associate professionals



Writers and Creative or



Blacksmiths. Toolmakers and



Other Teaching Associate **Professionals**



Social Science and Related Professionals



Life Science Professionals



Special Education Teaching Associate Professionals



Archivists, Librarians and Related Information Professionals

INDIA'S CREATIVE ECONOMY

Employment share

Employs directly 8% of India's workforce

Spatial Distribution

Six of the top 10 districts are non-metros



India's largest creative industry in terms of employment generation is fashion and textiles

Creative Workers earn 88% higher wages than non-creative

India's creative economy runs a trade-deficit of USD 14.32 Billion

COVID-19 AND CULTURE SHOCK



CONTRACTION IN GVA The gross value added by the creative industries globally contracted by USD 750 Billion in 2020.



JOB LOSS

This corresponds to more than 10 million job losses in the creative industries



MENTAL HEALTH Mental health problems have negatively affected the creativity and productivity of workers.



DIGITAL

Pandemic has widened the digital divide, with women disproportionately facing obstacles

BUT OPPORTUNITIES AS WELL

DEMAND FOR ONLINE MEDIA

The sector has managed to forever condition the people in favour of online media.

NEW OPPORTUNITIES FOR DIGITISATION

New opportunities of digitalisation of stage performances making use of OTT platforms and the associated value chains.

CONSUMERS TURNED INTO PRODUCERS

Digital technologies have turned consumers into producers via platforms such as Instagram and YouTube.

A 'New' Creative Economy in the Post-COVID World







Digitalisation of Stage Performances

Live-streaming of events in theatres, opera houses etc. to enhance the virtual experience of the audience

Live Virtual Tours of Museums, Art Galleries etc.

Google Arts & Culture initiative offers virtual visits to about 500 museums throughout the world.

New Models of Creative Tourism

Innovations in digital and virtual tourism seem to have immense potential to promote "hybrid" tourism and offer new and sustainable tourism models.

POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS

Increasing recognition of Indian culture globally

- Utilizing 'Festivals of India' that are organized internationally
- Using domestic institutions at the central and state level like the ITPO
- Expanding the Creative Cities Network in India
 - Create Crowd Funding Platform like the EU
 - Design Credit Guarantee schemes particularly for MSME's
- Initiate a Venture Capital Fund like the HEVA fund in Africa
- Improving access to finance

Reforming Intellectual Property Rights Framework

a patent

- Reform existing laws to keep in line with the rapidly evolving technological landscape eg.

 Design Act Reducing the average pendency for a final decision in acquiring
 - Instill digital skills such as digital marketing and graphic design
 - Develop creative skills by encouraging entrepreneurship in the creative sector
 - Human Capital Development among the youth

Need for an Integrated policymaking institution

Establish an intermediary organisation that can better inform policymakers on the policy support needed

ROLE OF G20: CAN INDIA LEAD THE WAY?

Internationally acceptable definition

Will allow evidence-based policymaking at national and regional levels and will assist in assessing the impact of the sector on economic growth

Inter-country network to promote the cultural and creative sectors

Will improve information
dissemination, training, market access,
policy formulation, and research in the
sector. For eg. Arterial Network in
Africa

Providing mobility grants to creative workers

Will help workers travel internationally and present their work to new audiences and experience diverse cultural exchanges

Digital Platform to help creative workers increase their visibility

Will help present and archive the artistic production (animation, design, handicrafts, film, graphic art and interactive projects) across G20 countries.

Integrating culture into development strategies

India could lead the G20 nations towards integrating culture into their broader economic and social development strategies bringing them in line with the UN Sustainable Development Goals

